

Hall Effect DC Current Sensor CYHCT-C1TC

This Hall Effect current sensor is based on open loop principle and designed with a solid core and a high galvanic isolation between primary conductor and secondary circuit. It can be used for measurement of DC current etc. The output of the transducer reflects the real wave of the current carrying conductor.

Product Characteristics	Applications
 Excellent accuracy Very good linearity Using split cores and easy mounting Less power consumption Window structure Electrically isolating the output of the transducer from the current carrying conductor No insertion loss Current overload capability 	 Photovoltaic equipment Frequency conversion timing equipment Various power supply Uninterruptible power supplies (UPS) Electric welding machines Transformer substation Numerical controlled machine tools Electric powered locomotive Microcomputer monitoring Electric power network monitoring

Electrical Data

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Primary Nominal	Measuring Range (A)	DC Output Current	Part number
DC Current I_r (A)		(mA)	
25	0 ~ ±25A	4-20 ±1.0%	CYHCT-C1TC-U/B25A-nC
30	0 ~ ±30A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B30A-nC
40	0 ~ ±40A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B40A-nC
50	0 ~ ±50A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B50A-nC
100	0 ~ ±100A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B100A-nC
200	0 ~ ±200A	4-20 ±1.0%	CYHCT-C1TC-U/B200A-nC
300	0 ~ ±300A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B300A-nC
400	0 ~ ±400A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B400A-nC
500	0 ~ ±500A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B500A-nC
600	0 ~ ±600A		CYHCT-C1TC-U/B600A-nC

(U: unidirectional input current; B: bidirectional input current, please give U or B in Part number) (n=3, Vcc= +12VDC ±5%; n=4, Vcc =+15VDC ±5%; n=5, Vcc =+24VDC±5%)

(Connector: Molex connector C=M; Phoenix Connector: C=P)

Supply Voltage V_{cc} =+12V, +15V, +24V \pm 5% Current Consumption I_c < 25mA + Output current

Galvanic isolation, 50/60Hz, 1min: 2.5kV Isolation resistance @ 500 VDC $> 500 \text{ M}\Omega$

Accuracy and Dynamic performance data

Case Material: PBT, heat resistant 125°C flame retardant

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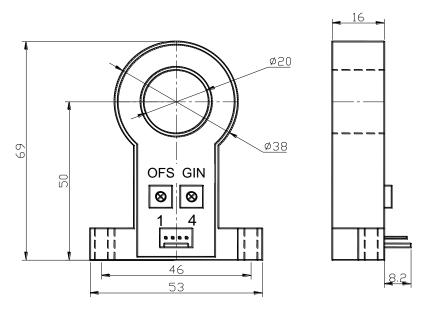
General Data

Ambient Operating Temperature, Ambient Storage Temperature,

$$T_A = -25^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85^{\circ}\text{C}$$

 $T_S = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +100^{\circ}\text{C}$

PIN Definition and Dimensions

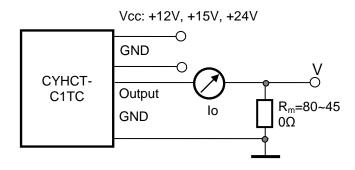


1(+): Vcc 2(G): GND 3(O): Output 4(G): GND

OFS: Offset Adjustment

GIN: Gain Adjustment

Connection





Notes:

- 1. Connect the terminals of power source, output respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
- 2. Two potentiometers can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
- 3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with bus-bar (current carrying conductor).
- 4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer

http://www.cy-sensors.com