

Split Core DC Current Sensor CYCT04-xnSL

This current sensor is based on magnetic modulation and compensation principle, and can be used for measurement of small DC current and leakage current, current difference between two or more conductors.

Product Characteristics:

- Application of Computer Aided Ageing Technology
- 100% Ageing Processing and Thermal Drift Test under high operating temperature in order to guarantee the long term stability of the sensors
- Custom makeable according to individual requirements
- Various current and voltage outputs are selectable
- Power supply options: $\pm 12\text{VDC}$ and $\pm 15\text{VDC}$
- Sensors with window for contactless measurements

Applications:

- Isolation Monitoring of DC power systems and cable selection systems,
- Measurements of small DC currents and leakage currents etc.

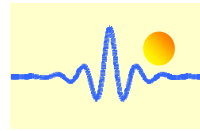
Electrical Data

Measuring range M	50mA ~ 2A DC
Linearity range	1.2 x M (measuring range)
Nominal output signals	0-5V DC, -5V~+5VDC
Supply voltage	$\pm 12\text{VDC}$, $\pm 15\text{VDC}$
Current consumption	20mA
Galvanic isolation	2.5KV RMS/50Hz/ 1min
Load resistance	$\geq 10\text{k}\Omega$

Thermal drift of offset current	≤ 500	ppm/ $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Response time	≤ 120	ms
Accuracy	± 1.0	%FS
Linearity	≤ 1.0	%FS
Electric Offset Voltage, $T_A=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	25~50	mV
Magnetic Offset Voltage ($I_p=0$)	20	mV

General Data

Operating temperature	-10 ~ +60	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage temperature	-20 ~ +70	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Window size	$\Phi 33$	mm
Case dimensions H x L x W	78 x 82 x 26	mm



Definition of Part number:

CYCT04	-	x	n	SL	-	1.0	-	M
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)		(5)		(6)

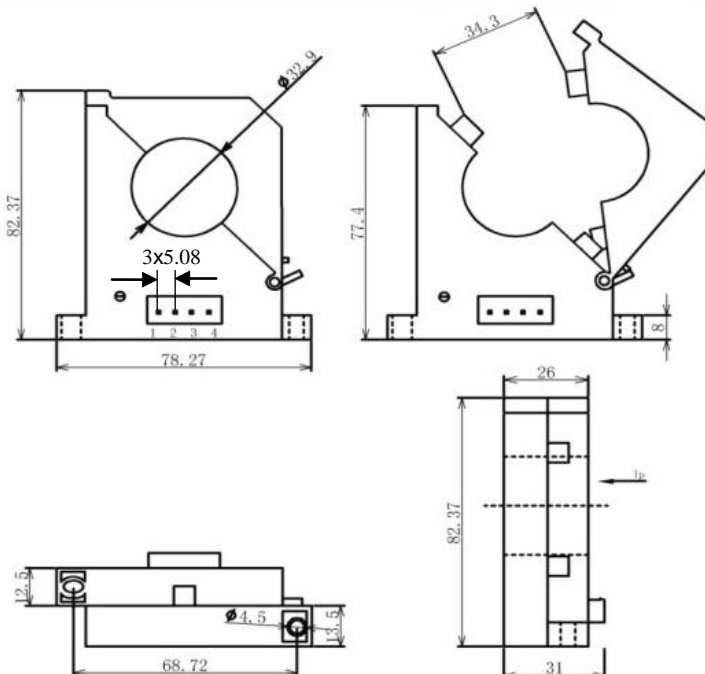
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Series name	Output signal	Power supply	Case style	Accuracy	Rated Input current (M=U/B + m)
CYCT04	x=1: tracing $\pm 5VDC$ x=3: 0-5V DC	n=5: $\pm 12V DC$ n=6: $\pm 15V DC$	SL with aperture $\varnothing 33mm$	1.0%	m = 50mA, 100mA, 200mA, 500mA, 1A, 2A

U: unidirectional input current; **B:** bidirectional input current

Example 1: CYCT04-36SL-1.0-U50mA, DC Current sensor with
Output signal: 0-5V DC
Power supply: $\pm 15V DC$
Rated input current: 0-50mA DC (unidirectional)

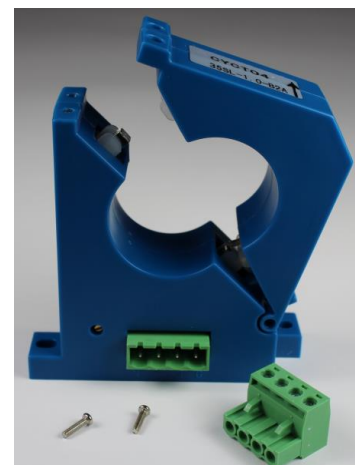
Example 2: CYCT04-15SL-1.0-B50mA, DC Current sensor with
Output signal: -5V ~ +5VDC
Power supply: $\pm 12V DC$
Rated input current: -50mA ~ +50mADC (bidirectional)

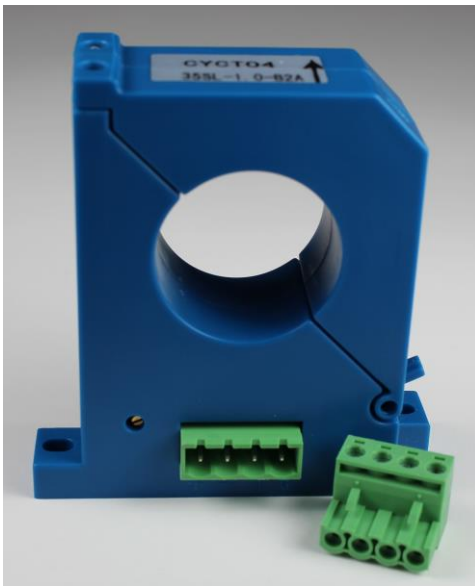
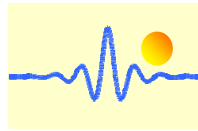
DIMENSIONS (mm)



Pin Arrangement

Pin	1	2	3	4
Function	V+	V-	OUT	GND

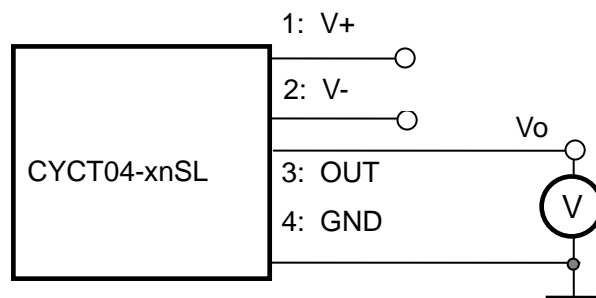




CONNECTION

The current carrying cable must pass through the window. The phase of output is the same as that of the current passing the window in the direction of the arrow indicated on the case.

- 1: V+ Power Supply
- 2: V- Power Supply
- 3: Output
- 4: Ground



Relation between Input and Output:

Sensor CYCT04-36SL-1.0-U50mA		Sensor CYCT04-15SL-1.0-B50mA	
Input current (mA)	Output voltage (V)	Input current (mA)	Output voltage (V)
0	0	-50	-5
12.5	1.25	-25	-2.5
25	2.5	0	0
37.5	3.75	25	2.5
50	5	50	5

Notes:

1. Connect the terminals of power source, outputs respectively and correctly, never make wrong connection.
2. The potentiometer can be adjusted, only if necessary, by turning slowly to the required accuracy with a small screwdriver.
3. The best accuracy can be achieved when the window is fully filled with current carrying conductor
4. The in-phase output can be obtained when the direction of current of current carrying conductor is the same as the direction of arrow marked on the transducer case.